

CBSE Class –VII Mathematics
NCERT Solutions
Chapter 13 Exponents and Powers (Ex. 13.2)

Question 1. Using laws of exponents, simplify and write the answer in exponential form:

(i) $3^2 \times 3^4 \times 3^8$

(ii) $6^{15} \div 6^{10}$

(iii) $a^3 \times a^2$

(iv) $7^x \times 7^2$

(v) $(5^2)^2 \div 5^3$

(vi) $2^5 \times 5^5$

(vii) $a^4 \times b^4$

(viii) $(3^4)^3$

(ix) $(2^{20} \div 2^{15}) \times 2^3$

(x) $8^t \div 8^2$

Answer: (i) $3^2 \times 3^4 \times 3^8 = 3^{(2+4+8)} = 3^{14} [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$

(ii) $6^{15} \div 6^{10} = 6^{15-10} = 6^5 [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$

(iii) $a^3 \times a^2 = a^{3+2} = a^5 [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$

(iv) $7^x \times 7^2 = 7^{x+2} [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$

(v) $(5^2)^3 \div 5^3 = 5^{2 \times 3} \div 5^3 = 5^6 \div 5^3 [\because (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}] = 5$

(vi) $2^5 \times 5^5 = (2 \times 5)^5 = 10^5 [\because a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m]$

(vii) $a^4 \times b^4 = (a \times b)^4 [\because a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m]$

$$(viii) (3^4)^3 = 3^{4 \times 3} = 3^{12} [\because (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}]$$

$$(ix) (2^{20} \div 2^{15}) \times 2^3 = (2^{20-15}) \times 2^3 [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$= 2^5 \times 2^3 = 2^{5+3} [\because a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m] = 2^8$$

$$(x) 8^t \div 8^2 = 8^{t-2} [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

Question 2. Simplify and express each of the following in exponential form:

$$(i) \frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 4}{3 \times 32}$$

$$(ii) [(5^2)^3 \times 5^4] \div 5^7$$

$$(iii) 25^4 \div 5^3$$

$$(iv) \frac{3 \times 7^2 \times 11^8}{21 \times 11}$$

$$(v) \frac{3^7}{3^4 \times 3^3}$$

$$(vi) 2^0 + 3^0 + 4^0$$

$$(vii) 2^0 \times 3^0 \times 4^0$$

$$(viii) (3^0 + 2^0) \times 5^0$$

$$(ix) \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{4^3 \times a^3}$$

$$(x) \left(\frac{a^5}{a^3}\right) \times a^8$$

$$(xi) \frac{4^5 \times a^8 b^3}{4^5 \times a^5 b^2}$$

$$(xii) (2^3 \times 2)^2$$

$$\text{Answer: (i) } \frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 4}{3 \times 32} = \frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 2^2}{3 \times 2^5} = \frac{2^{3+2} \times 3^4}{3 \times 2^5} [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$$

$$= \frac{2^5 \times 3^4}{3 \times 2^5} = 2^{5-5} \times 3^{4-3} [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$= 2^0 \times 3^3 = 1 \times 3^3 = 3^3$$

$$(ii) \left[(5^2)^3 \times 5^4 \right] \div 5^7 = [5^6 \times 5^4] \div 5^7 [\because (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}]$$

$$= [5^{6+4}] \div 5^7 = 5^{10} \div 5^7 [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$$

$$= 5^{10-7} = 5^3 [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$(iii) 25^4 \div 5^3 = (5^2)^4 \div 5^3 = 5^8 \div 5^3 [\because (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}]$$

$$= 5^{8-3} = 5^3 [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$(iv) \frac{3 \times 7^2 \times 11^8}{21 \times 11^3} = \frac{3 \times 7^2 \times 11^8}{3 \times 7 \times 11^3} = 3^{1-1} \times 7^{2-1} \times 11^{8-3} [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$= 3^0 \times 7^1 \times 11^5 = 7 \times 11^5$$

$$(v) \frac{3^7}{3^4 \times 3^3} = \frac{3^7}{3^{4+3}} = \frac{3^7}{3^7} [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$$

$$= 3^{7-7} = 3^0 = 1 [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$(vi) 2^0 + 3^0 + 4^0 = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3 [\because a^0 = 1]$$

$$(vii) 2^0 \times 3^0 \times 4^0 = 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1 [\because a^0 = 1]$$

$$(viii) (3^0 + 2^0) \times 5^0 = (1 + 1) \times 1 = 2 \times 1 = 2 [\because a^0 = 1]$$

$$(ix) \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{4^3 \times a^3} = \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{(2^2)^3 \times a^3} = \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{2^6 \times a^3} [\because (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}]$$

$$= 2^{8-6} \times a^{5-3} = 2^2 \times a^2$$

$$(x) \left(\frac{a^5}{a^3} \right) \times a^8 = (a^{5-3}) \times a^8 = a^2 \times a^8 [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$= a^{2+8} = a^{10} [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$$

$$(xi) \frac{4^5 \times a^8 b^3}{4^5 \times a^5 b^2} = 4^{5-5} \times a^{8-5} \times b^{3-2} = 4^0 \times a^3 \times b [\because a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}]$$

$$= 1 \times a^3 \times b = a^3 \times b [\because a^0 = 1]$$

$$(xii) (2^3 \times 2)^2 = (2^{3+1})^2 = (2^4)^2 [\because a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}]$$

$$= 2^{4 \times 2} = 2^8 [\because (a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}]$$

Question 3. Say true or false and justify your answer:

(i) $10 \times 10^{11} = 100^{11}$

(ii) $2^3 > 5^2$

(iii) $2^3 \times 3^2 = 6^5$

(iv) $3^0 = (1000)^0$

Answer: (i) $10 \times 10^{11} = 100^{11}$

L.H.S. $10^{1+11} = 10^{12}$ and R.H.S. $(10^2)^{11} = 10^{22}$

Since, L.H.S. \neq R.H.S.

Therefore, it is false.

(ii) $2^3 > 5^2$

L.H.S. $2^3 = 8$ and R.H.S. $5^2 = 25$

Since, L.H.S. is not greater than R.H.S.

Therefore, it is false.

(iii) $2^3 \times 3^2 = 6^5$

L.H.S. $2^3 \times 3^2 = 8 \times 9 = 72$ and R.H.S. $6^5 = 7,776$

Since, L.H.S. \neq R.H.S.

Therefore, it is false.

(iv) $3^0 = (1000)^0$

L.H.S. $3^0 = 1$ and R.H.S. $(1000)^0 = 1$

Since, L.H.S. = R.H.S.

Therefore, it is true.

Question 4. Express each of the following as a product of prime factors only in exponential form:

(i) 108×192

(ii) 270

(iii) 729×64

(iv) 768

Answer: (i) 108×192

$$= (2^2 \times 3^3) \times (2^6 \times 3)$$

$$= 2^{2+6} \times 3^{3+1}$$

$$= 2^8 \times 3^4$$

(ii) 270

$$= 2 \times 3^3 \times 5$$

(iii) 729×64

$$= 3^6 \times 2^6$$

(iv) 768

$$= 2^8 \times 3$$

Question 5. Simplify:

(i) $\frac{(2^5)^2 \times 7^3}{8^3 \times 7}$

(ii) $\frac{25 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{10^3 \times t^4}$

(iii) $\frac{3^5 \times 10^5 \times 25}{5^7 \times 6^5}$

Answer: (i) $\frac{(2^5)^2 \times 7^3}{8^3 \times 7} = \frac{2^{5 \times 2} \times 7^3}{(2^3)^3 \times 7}$

$$= \frac{2^{10} \times 7^3}{2^9 \times 7}$$

$$= 2^{10-9} \times 7^{3-1} = 2 \times 7^2$$

$$= 2 \times 49$$

$$= 98$$

$$(ii) \frac{25 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{10^3 \times t^4} = \frac{5^2 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{(5 \times 2)^3 \times t^4}$$

$$= \frac{5^{2+2} \times t^{8-4}}{2^3 \times 5^3}$$

$$= \frac{5^4 \times t^4}{2^3 \times 5^3}$$

$$= \frac{5^{4-3} \times t^4}{2^3}$$

$$= \frac{5t^4}{8}$$

$$(iii) \frac{3^5 \times 10^5 \times 25}{5^7 \times 6^5} = \frac{3^5 \times (2 \times 5)^5 \times 5^2}{5^7 \times (2 \times 3)^5}$$

$$= \frac{3^5 \times 2^5 \times 5^5 \times 5^2}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5}$$

$$= \frac{3^5 \times 2^5 \times 5^{5+2}}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5}$$

$$= \frac{3^5 \times 2^5 \times 5^7}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5}$$

$$= 2^{5-5} \times 3^{5-5} \times 5^{7-7}$$

$$= 2^0 \times 3^0 \times 5^0$$

$$= 1 \times 1 \times 1$$

$$= 1$$